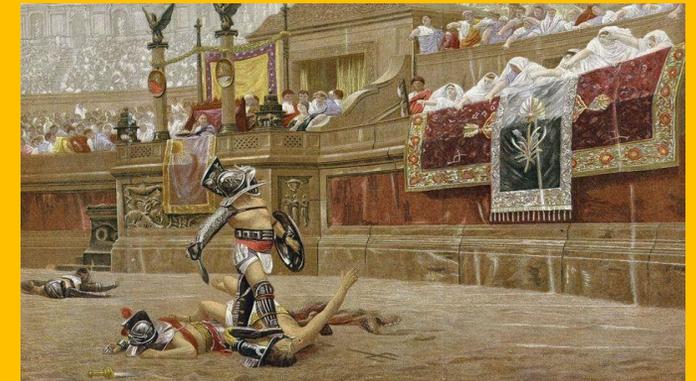


Global I Flashcard Review

Ancient Rome

105. Civilization:

- Developed on a peninsula in the Mediterranean Sea
 - Republican form of government
 - Twelve Tables
 - Rapid territorial expansion
 - System of roads
 - Latifundias (large plantations)
- + Rulers → Julius Caesar, Nero, Caligula, Hadrian, Augustus, Diocletian, Constantine
- 200 years of peace and prosperity



105A.

Rome

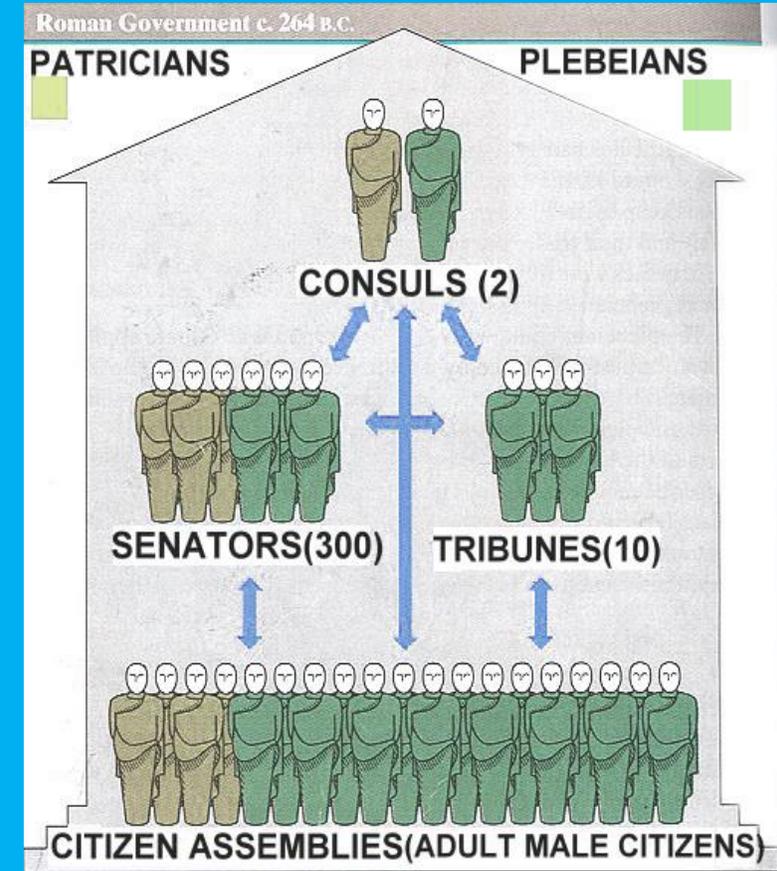
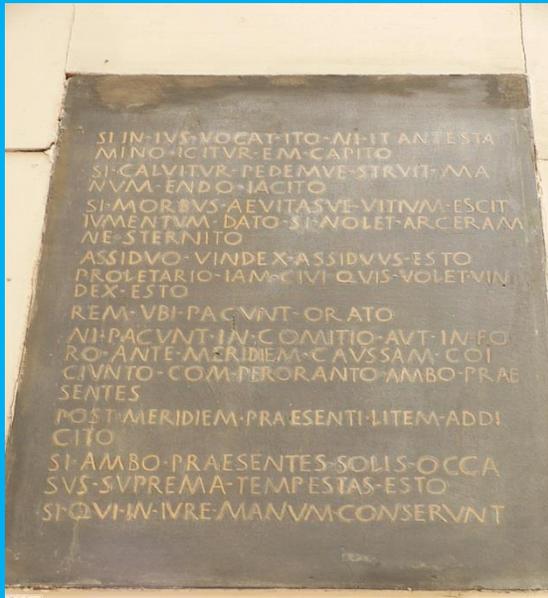
106.

System of government in which officials or representatives are chosen by the people to run the affairs of government

->written code of laws

->Three Branches of government

EX. Rome



106A.

Republic

107.

Roman written system of law that covered by both criminal and civil laws.



107A.

Twelve Tables

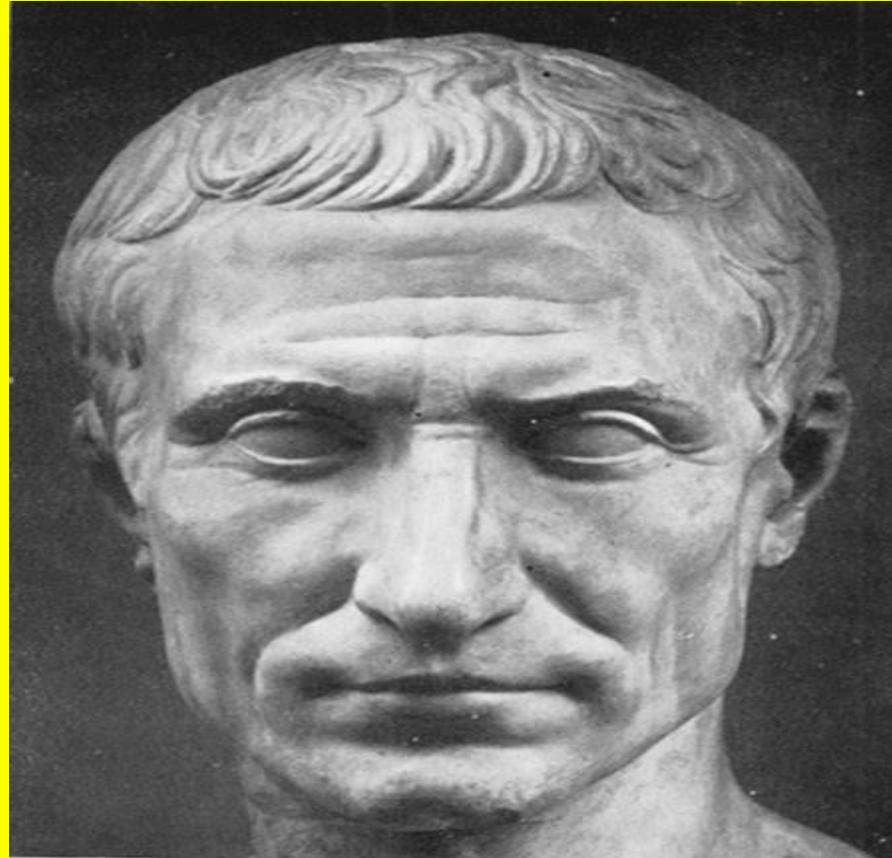
108. A ruler who has complete control over the government;
usually seized power and holds it through force
EX. Julius Caesar, Hitler , Stalin, Mussolini,



108A.

Dictatorship

109. Roman General of the Roman legion who became the Dictator of Rome from 58 B.C to 44 B.C who was assassinated and marked the transition of the Roman Republic to the Roman Empire.



109A.

Julius Caesar

110.

1st Roman Emperor who created a strong centralized government with a postal service, coined money, census and civil service for government employees



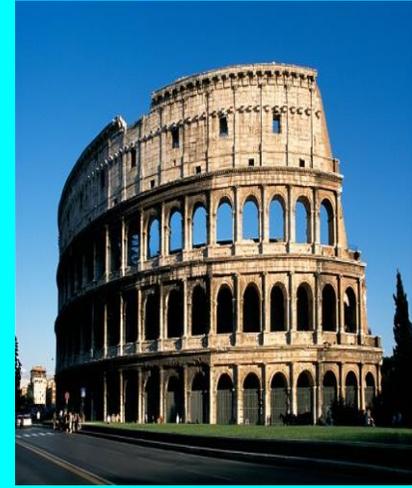
110A.

Augustus

111.

Period of 200 years in which there were numerous Roman Achievements:

- Coliseum, Pantheon
- Latin
- Roman Numerals
- Mosaics
- Arches
- Domes
- Roads
- Bridges
- Aqueducts
- Gladiator games and chariot races



111A.

Pax Romana

112.

Monotheistic faith:

-Developed: Jerusalem

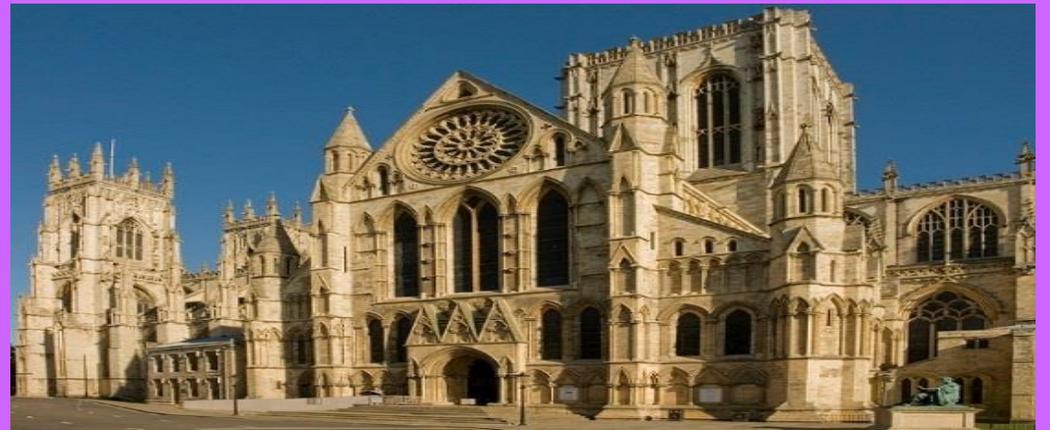
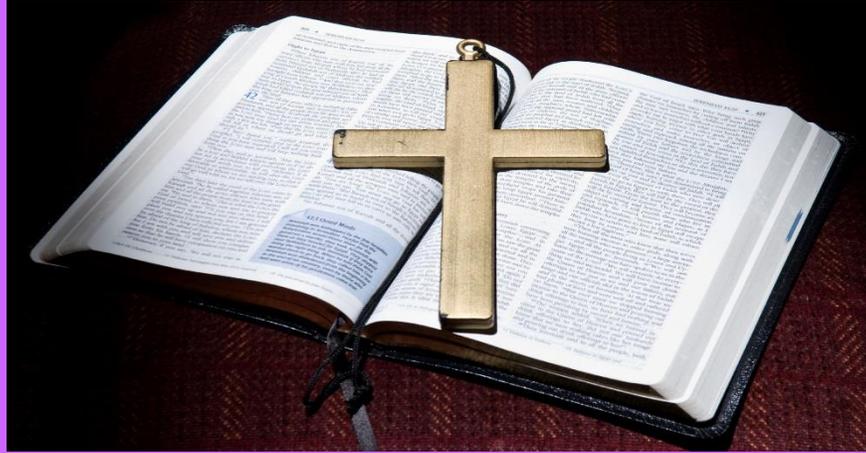
-Founder: Jesus

-Text: Bible

-Teachings: 10 Commandments, Sacraments(rites-marriage)

-Symbol: Cross

-Branches: Roman Catholic, Orthodox Catholics, Methodists,
Lutherans, Anglicans, Calvinists

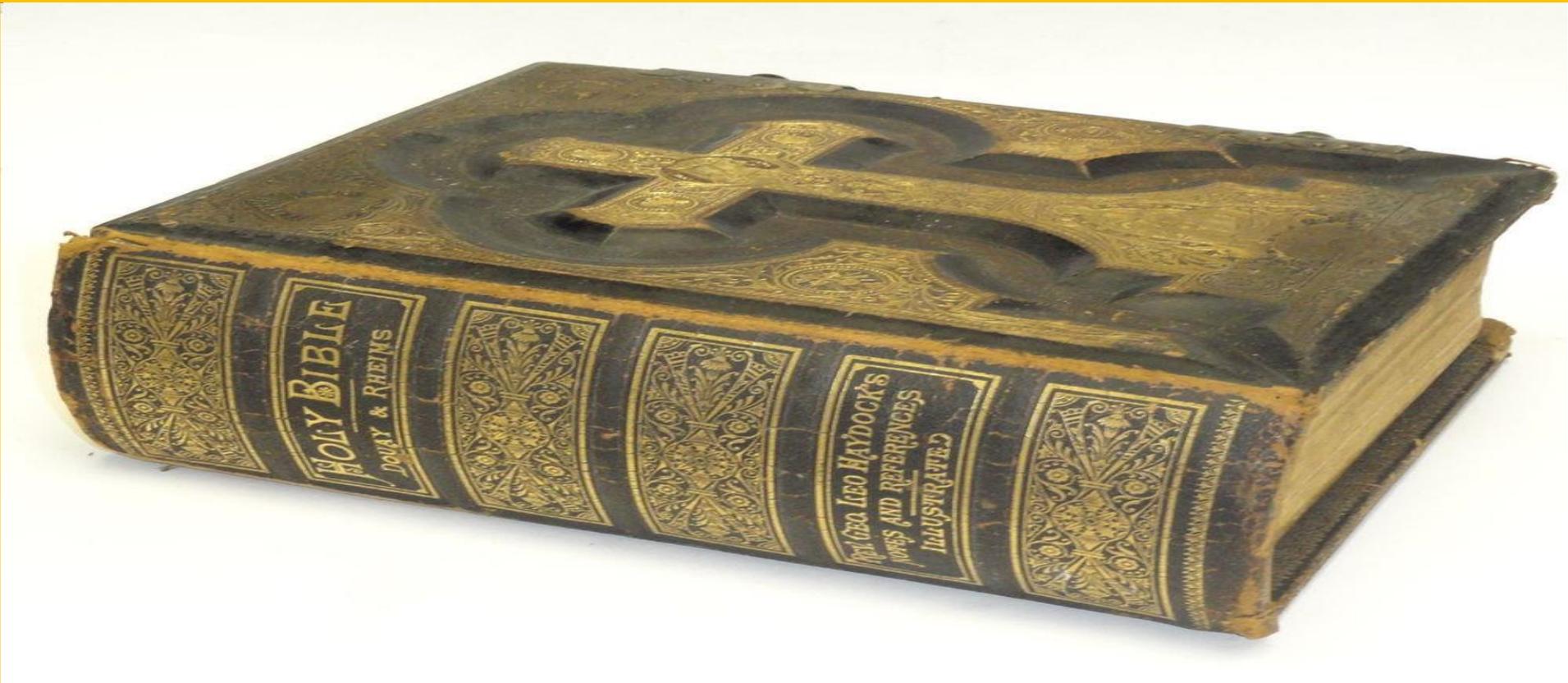


112A.

Christianity

113.

Christian holy book



113A.

Bible

114.

People who died or suffered for their faith
EX. Christians under the Roman Empire



114A.

Martyr

115.

General name given the body of people who conduct Christian services.

115A.

Clergy

116.

Roman Emperor who signed the Edict of Milan in 313 AD granting religious toleration to Christians and moved the capital of the Roman empire out of the West to the Eastern port city of Constantinople

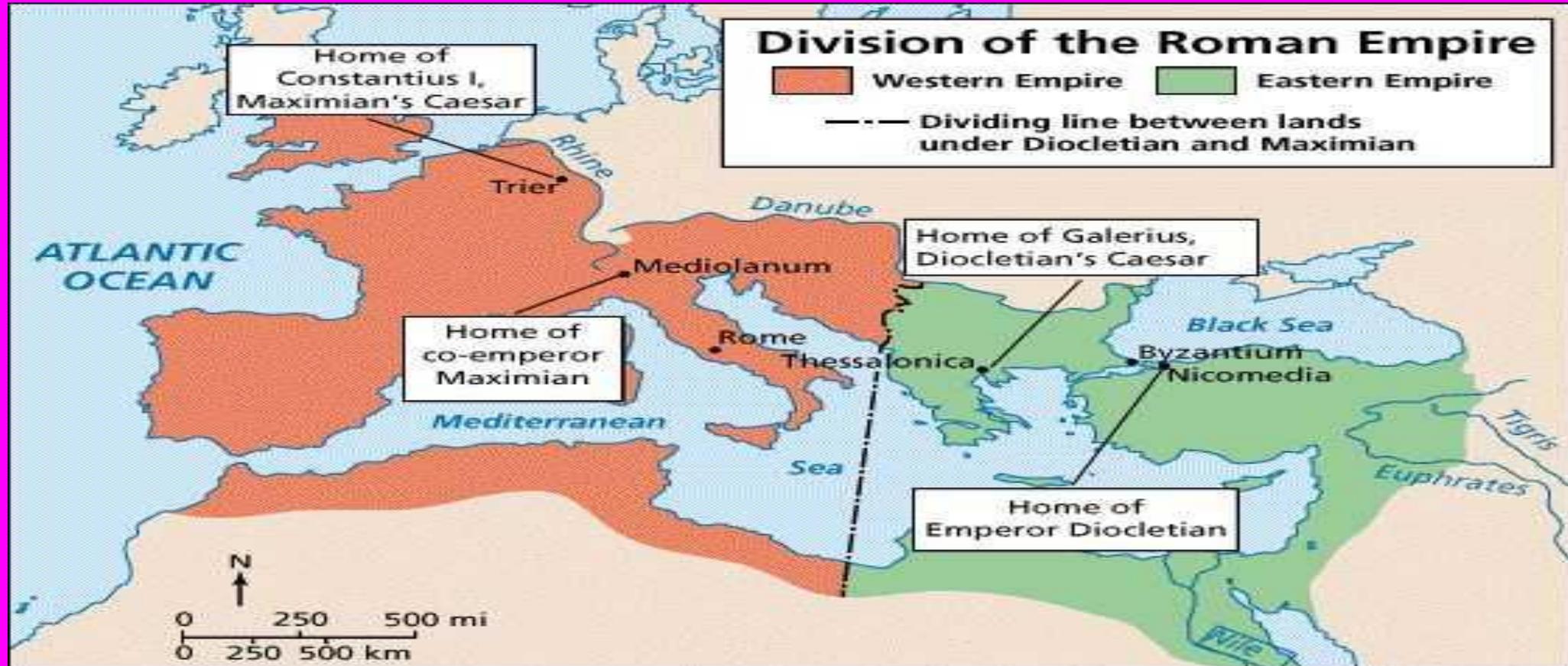


116A.

Constantine

117.

Roman Emperor who officially split Rome into the Latin speaking West and the Greek speaking East

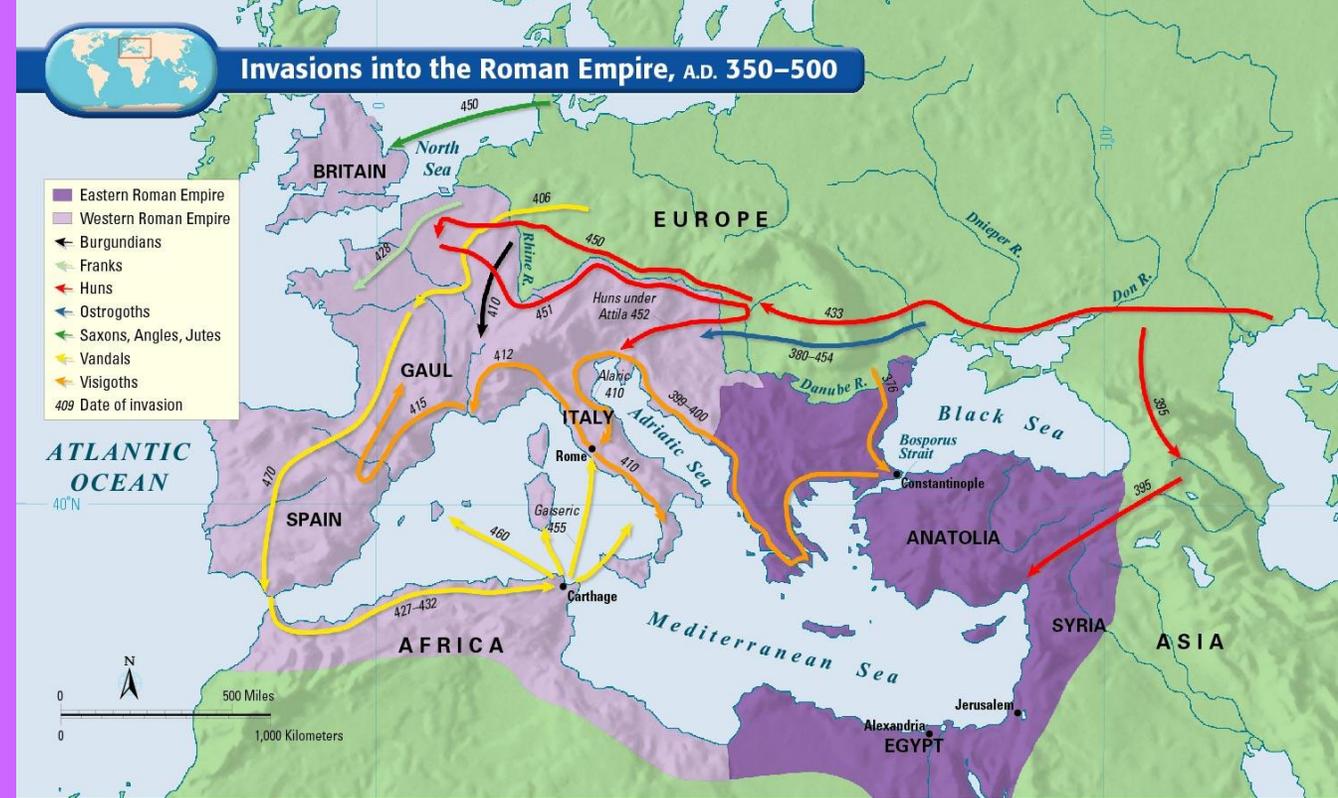


117A.

Diocletian

118. Event in Rome:

- weak and corrupt officials
- lack of popular support
- erosion of values
- heavy taxes
- decline of the middle class
- reliance on slave labor
- weak army that relied on mercenaries
- constant foreign invasions
- >officially happened in the West in 476 A.D and the East transitioned to the Byzantine Empire



Fall of Rome